
130g
ENGLISH
**INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE
INSTRUCTIONS FOR MODEL 2251CTLE
MULTICRITERIA FIRE SENSOR**
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Model 2251CTLE intelligent multicriteria sensors are plug-in type fire sensors that combine four types of detection capability with addressable communications. A photoelectronic sensing chamber detects smoke, while a thermal element provides rate-of-rise and fixed temperature heat sensing. Infra-red and carbon monoxide sensing adds further detection ability, giving reliable fire detection whilst allowing the sensor to reject many common causes of nuisance alarm. These sensors are designed for open area protection and must only be connected to control panels that use a compatible proprietary communication protocol for monitoring and control.

Two LEDs on each sensor light to provide a local 360° visible sensor indication (operation of LEDs are dependent on panel). Remote LED indicator capability is available as an optional accessory wired to the standard base terminals (again dependent on panel).

Application Mode

Some fire panels that include the Series 200 Advanced Protocol allow the selection of certain application modes to fine tune the sensor's performance to the specific fire and nuisance threats of an application (consult your panel manufacturer for details on this).

The below table details the standards the sensor is approved to, dependant upon the application mode that has been selected:

Mode	Alarm Levels	Approval
Normal	1 to 5	EN54-5 Class A1R, EN54-7, LPS1279, CEA4021
	6	EN54-5 Class A1R
Application 0	4	EN54-7, LPS1279, CEA4021
Application 1	5	EN54-5 Class A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Application 2	4, 5	EN54-5 Class A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Application 3	5	EN54-5 Class A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Application 4	5	EN54-5 Class A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Application 5	5	EN54-7, CEA4021
Application 6	5	EN54-5 Class A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Application 7	5	EN54-5 Class A1R, LPS1279, CEA4021

SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Voltage Range:	15 to 32 VDC
Max. Standby Current (no comm.):	200 µA @ 24 V and 25°C
(comm. LED blink enabled - 5 sec)	300 µA @ 24 V and 25°C
(Read 16 sec, LED blink 8 sec)	250 µA @ 24 V and 25°C
Max. Alarm Current (LED on):	7 mA @ 24 V and 25°C
Operating Humidity Range:	15% to 90% Relative Humidity, Non-Condensing
Temperature Range:	-20°C to 55°C
Nominal Activation Temperature:	60°C

WIRING GUIDE

Refer to the installation instructions supplied with the plug-in sensor bases for wiring details. All bases are provided with terminals for power and an optional Remote Indicator.

Note 1: All wiring must conform to applicable local and national codes and regulations.

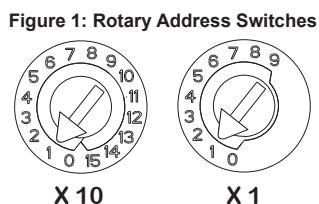
Note 2: Verify that all sensor bases are installed and that polarity of the wiring is correct at each base.

WARNING

Disconnect loop power before installing sensors. Notify proper authorities.

SENSOR INSTALLATION

- Set the sensor address (see figure 1) by turning the two rotary switches on the underside of the sensor, selecting a number between 01 and 159. (Note: The number of addresses available will be dependent on panel capability, check the panel documentation for information on this). Record the address on the label attached to the base.



- Insert the sensor into the base and rotate it clockwise until it locks into place.

- After all the sensors have been installed, apply power to the system.

- Test the sensor as described under **TESTING**.

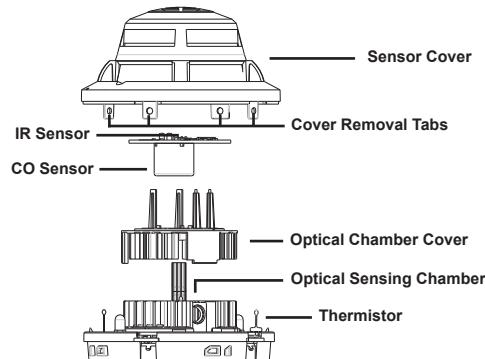
- Reset the sensor by communication command from the panel.

Tamper-Resistance.

These sensors includes a feature that, when activated, prevents removal of the sensor from the base without the use of a tool. Refer to the installation instructions for the sensor base for details of how to use this feature.

CAUTION

Dust covers help to protect units during shipping and when first installed. They are not intended to provide complete protection against contamination therefore sensors should be removed before construction, major re-decoration or other dust producing work is started. Dust covers must be removed before system can be made operational.

Figure 2: Cleaning the Sensor

156-2642-014
MAINTENANCE

Before cleaning, disable the system to prevent unwanted alarms:

- Remove the sensor to be cleaned from the system.
- Use a small, flat blade to gently release each of the four cover removal tabs that hold the cover in place (see figure 2) and remove the sensor cover. Use caution to avoid damaging the thermistors and other sensors.
- Carefully vacuum the anti insect screen without removing it from the detector cover.
- The chamber cover, CO and IR sensors may be removed as a single assembly. Gently pull the assembly away from the sensing chamber being careful neither to damage the thermistors, the IR / CO sensor PCB nor to strain the connector cable to the PCB, then gently fold away from the optical chamber.
- Use a vacuum cleaner and/or clean, compressed air to remove dust and debris from the sensing chamber, sensing chamber cover.
- Re-install the sensing chamber cover assembly by sliding the cover over the chamber, gently pressing it home until it snaps into place.
- Re-install the sensor cover. Use the cover removal tabs, LEDs and thermistors to align the cover with the sensor. Snap the cover into place.
- When all sensors have been cleaned, restore power to the loop and test the sensor(s) as described under **TESTING**.

CO Sensor Lifetime

The CO cell has a lifetime of approximately six years and will stop operating after this time. The sensor is programmed to signal the approach of the end of this lifetime to the control panel. The CO cell is not field replaceable, so on failure please contact the system supplier to arrange for the appropriate replacement.

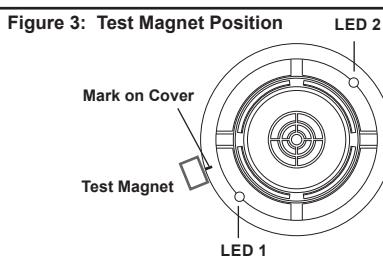
TESTING

Sensors must be tested after installation and following periodic maintenance. Disable the zone or system undergoing maintenance to prevent unwanted alarms.

Test the sensors as follows:

Magnet Method

- Test the sensor by positioning the test magnet (model M02-24 optional) against the sensor body approximately 2cm from LED 1, indicated by a mark on the sensor cover as shown in figure 3.
- Both LED's on the sensor should latch into alarm within 30 seconds, activating the control panel.


Smoke Method

- At alarm levels 4 and 5, the 2251CTLE includes electronic delays of up to 10 minutes for a smoke only response. To disable the delay for ten minutes, a magnet test as described above should be carried out prior to the smoke tests.
- Using generated smoke, or synthetic smoke aerosol from an approved manufacturer such as No Climb Products Ltd, subject the sensor to controlled amounts of smoke in accordance with local codes of practice and manufacturer recommendations.
- Both LED's on the sensor should latch into alarm within 30 seconds, activating the control panel.

Direct Heat Method (Hair dryer of 1000-1500 watts).

- Direct the heat toward the sensor from its side. Hold the heat source about 15 cm away to prevent damage to the cover during testing.
- The LEDs on the sensor should light when the temperature at the sensor reaches 58°C.
- Reset the sensor at the system control panel.

After completion of the test notify the proper authorities that the system is operational.

**WARNING
LIMITATIONS OF FIRE SENSORS**

Fire sensors must be used in conjunction with compatible equipment.

The 2251CTLE will not sense fires which start where smoke, heat, gas or IR light does not reach the sensors.

A sensor may not detect a fire developing on another level of a building.

Fire sensors also have sensing limitations. Consideration must be made of the environment when selecting fire sensors.

Fire sensors cannot last forever. The 2251CTLE contains an electro-chemical CO sensor which has an expected lifetime of 6 years and the remainder of the components are made to last over 10 years, however, any of these parts could fail at any time. Therefore, test your fire detection system at least semi-annually. Clean and take care of your smoke sensors regularly. Taking care of the fire detection system you have installed will significantly reduce your product liability risks.



2251CTLE

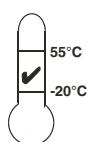
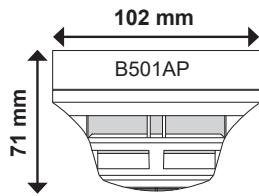
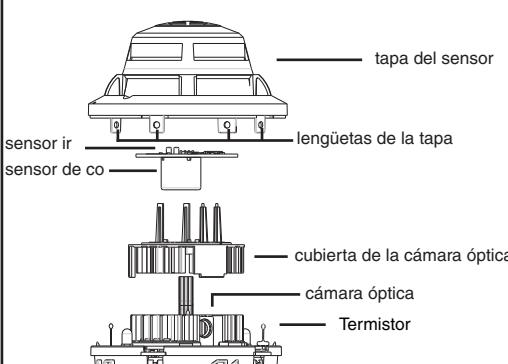
2831 14
DOP-IFD112EN54-5: 2000 Class A1R / A1: 2002
EN54-7: 2000 / A1: 2002 / A2: 2006Honeywell Products and Solutions Sàrl
Zone d'activités La Pièce 16
CH-1180 ROLLE, Switzerland

Figura 2: Sensor desmontado

**ESPAÑOL****INSTRUCCIONES DE INSTALACIÓN Y MANTENIMIENTO
PARA EL DETECTOR DE HUMO MULTICRITERIO
DIRECCIONABLE Y ANALÓGICO 2251CTLE****DESCRIPCIÓN GENERAL**

Los sensores multicriterio analógicos 2251CTLE son del tipo extraíble y combinan cuatro tipos de detección con comunicaciones analógicas. Una cámara sensora fotoeléctrica detecta el humo, mientras que un elemento térmico detecta el calor por elevación de temperatura o temperatura fija. La detección infrarroja y de monóxido de carbono incrementa la capacidad de detección del sensor haciéndolo más fiable y, al mismo tiempo, inmune a la mayoría de las causas de falsas alarmas. Estos sensores se han diseñado para proporcionar protección en zonas difusas y solo deben utilizarse con centrales que utilizan un protocolo de comunicación compatible para la supervisión y el control. Cada sensor dispone de dos leds que proporcionan una indicación de su estado visible en 360°. Los leds se pueden activar desde la central para indicar alarma y se pueden desactivar de la misma forma para que vuelvan a su estado normal. Existe la posibilidad de disponer de un led indicador remoto, como accesorio opcional, conectado a los terminales de la base estándar.

Modo de aplicación

Algunas centrales que integran el Protocolo Avanzado de la Serie 200 permiten seleccionar ciertos modos de aplicación para adaptar con exactitud la actuación del sensor ante fuegos específicos o posibles falsas alarmas en una instalación (consulte el fabricante de la central de incendios si desea más detalles).

La siguiente tabla indica la norma que cumple el sensor dependiendo del modo de aplicación seleccionado.

Modo	Niveles de alarma	Norma
Normal	1 a 5	EN54-5 Clase A1R, EN54-7, LPS1279, CEA4021
	6	EN54-5 Clase A1R
Aplicación 0	4	EN54-7, LPS1279, CEA4021
Aplicación 1	5	EN54-5 Clase A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Aplicación 2	4, 5	EN54-5 Clase A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Aplicación 3	5	EN54-5 Clase A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Aplicación 4	5	EN54-5 Clase A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Aplicación 5	5	EN54-7, CEA4021
Aplicación 6	5	EN54-5 Clase A1R, EN54-7, CEA4021
Aplicación 7	5	EN54-5 Clase A1R, LPS1279, CEA4021

ESPECIFICACIONES

Tensión de funcionamiento: de 15 a 32 Vcc

Máxima corriente en reposo (sin comunicación): 200 µA a 24 V y 25°C

(comunic. cada 5 seg. con led intermitente): 300 µA a 24 V y 25°C

(lectura 16 seg. led intermitente cada 8 seg.): 250 µA a 24 V y 25°C

Máxima corriente en alarma (led activado): 7 mA a 24 V y 25°C

Humedad de funcionamiento: de 15% a 90% humedad relativa, sin condensación

Temperatura: de -20°C a 55°C

Temperatura nominal de activación: 60°C

Bases de detector compatibles: B501AP, B501, B501DG, B524IEFT-1, B524HTR, B524RTÉ.

Altura: 68 mm instalado en una base B501

Diámetro: 102 mm instalado en una base B501

Peso: 130 g

instrucciones de cableado

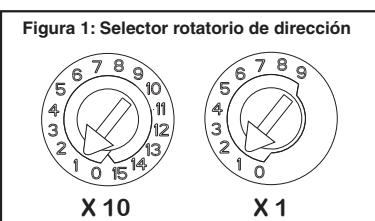
Consulte las instrucciones de instalación de la base del detector si desea más detalles sobre el cableado. Todas las bases disponen de terminales de alimentación e indicador remoto opcional.

NOTA: Todo el cableado debe instalarse de acuerdo a los reglamentos y códigos nacionales y locales aplicables.

NOTA: Verifique que las bases de los sensores están instaladas correctamente con la polaridad correcta.

AVISO - Desconecte la alimentación del lazo antes de instalar los sensores**INSTALACIÓN DEL SENSOR**

- Ajuste la dirección del sensor (véase la figura 1) girando los selectores rotatorios de dirección con un destornillador plano; seleccione entre el número 01 y 159. Nota: Algunas centrales solo admiten el uso de 99 direcciones. Consulte al fabricante de la central. Anote la dirección en la etiqueta de la base.



- Coloque el sensor en la base y gírelo en sentido horario ejerciendo una ligera presión hasta que se acople a la base.
- Continúe girando el sensor hasta que quede encajado en su sitio.
- Una vez se hayan instalado todos los sensores, conecte la alimentación del sistema.
- Compruebe el sensor tal y como se describe en el apartado PRUEBAS.
- Rearme el sensor desde la central de incendios.

Sistema de seguridad antisabotaje

Todas las bases de System Sensor incluyen una opción, que si se utiliza, impide que se extraiga el detector si no es mediante el uso de una herramienta. Consulte las instrucciones de instalación de la base del detector si desea más detalles sobre esta opción.

